



LEVEL Clinical Trial Topline Results

August 10, 2026

Today's Agenda

1. Opening Remarks	Chris Giordano	President and CEO
2. LEVEL Topline Results	Stuart Rich, MD	CMO
3. KOL Thoughts	Sanjiv Shah, MD	Northwestern University
4. Path Forward	Chris Giordano	CEO
5. Q&A	Chris Giordano Stuart Rich, MD Doug Randall Tom Staab Sanjiv Shah, MD	President and CEO CMO CBO CFO Northwestern University

Forward-Looking Statements

Disclaimers

Except for historical information, all of the statements, expectations and assumptions contained in this presentation are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements may include information concerning our clinical data, our regulatory plans, our future trial designs, and our possible or projected future business operations. Actual results might differ materially from those explicit or implicit in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include: risks of our clinical trials, including, but not limited to, the results of such trials, and the design, timing, delays, costs, location, initiation, and enrollment of any future trials; any delays in regulatory review and approval of product candidates in development; risks regarding the formulation, production, marketing, customer acceptance and clinical utility of our product candidates; risks related to our business strategy, including the prioritization and development of product candidates; reliance on third parties, including Orion Corporation, our manufacturers and CROs; our estimates regarding the potential market opportunity for our product candidates; cash usage and runway may not be within management's expected ranges; the potential advantages of our product candidates; our competitive position; our ability to maintain our culture and recruit, integrate and retain qualified personnel and advisors, including our executives and members of our Board of Directors; risks associated with our cash needs; intellectual property risks; volatility and uncertainty in the global economy and financial markets in light of unexpected changes in tariffs and the possibility of pandemics, global financial and geopolitical uncertainties, including in the Middle East and the Russian invasion of and war against the country of Ukraine; changes in legal, regulatory and legislative environments in the markets in which we operate and the impact of these changes on our ability to obtain regulatory approval for our products; and other risks and uncertainties set forth from time to time in our SEC filings. Tenax Therapeutics assumes no obligation and does not intend to update these forward-looking statements except as required by law.

Introduction

Chris Giordano

President and CEO, Tenax Therapeutics

What LEVEL Told Us

WHERE THE TRIAL LANDED

LEVEL did not meet its primary endpoint, but a strong treatment effect was seen across patients with higher disease burden

What we confirmed

- Oral levosimendan is safe and well-tolerated
- Biologically active, as measured by NT-proBNP and RVSP
- Treatment effect seen in HELP study validated
- Successful trial execution by sites and clinical development team



What we learned

- Drug effect is evident in patients with higher disease burden
- Study entry criteria allowed patients with moderate disease
- In patients with baseline 6MWD* < 333 m, treatment effect was **+26.3 m vs placebo** (95% CI: 6.0, 46.7; nominal p = 0.0112)
- In the overall population, NT-proBNP was reduced by 49% vs placebo (nominal p < 0.0001)

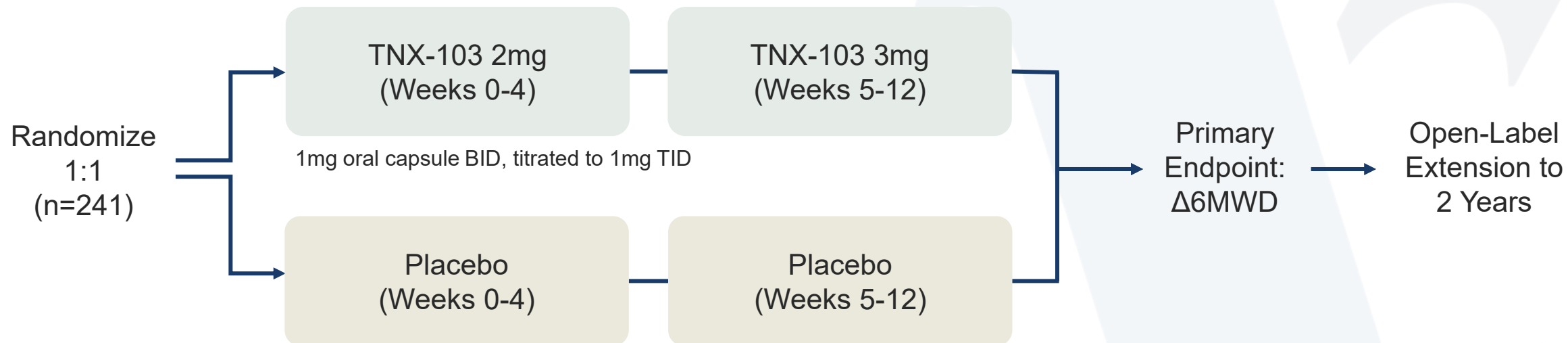
Phase 3 LEVEL Clinical Trial Topline Results

Stuart Rich, MD

CMO, Tenax Therapeutics

LEVEL Study

PHASE 3 REGISTRATIONAL TRIAL IN US AND CANADA



Hemodynamic Inclusion Criteria

RHC with qualifying hemodynamics at rest:

- PCWP > 18 mmHg, and
- mPAP > 30 mmHg, and
- RAP > 8 mmHg

OR

Hemodynamics with passive leg raise

- PCWP > 20 mmHg, and
- mPAP > 32 mmHg, and
- RAP > 8 mmHg

OR

Hemodynamics with bicycle exercise

- PCWP > 25 mmHg, and
- mPAP > 35 mmHg, and
- RAP > 10 mmHg

Patient Demographics

BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS WERE BROADLY BALANCED ACROSS TREATMENT ARMS

Characteristic	TNX-103 (N=120)	Placebo (N=121)	Overall (N=241)
Age, years, mean (SD)	69.8 (9.7)	68.5 (10.1)	69.1 (9.9)
Female, n (%)	86 (71.7)	86 (71.1)	172 (71.4)
BMI, kg/m ² , mean (SD)	33.2 (5.8)	32.9 (6.6)	33.1 (6.2)
eGFR <60 mL/min/1.73 m ² , n (%)	33 (27.5)	44 (36.4)	77 (32.0)
SGLT2 inhibitor use, n (%)	80 (66.7)	93 (76.9)	173 (71.8)
GLP-1 receptor agonist use, n (%)	36 (30.0)	32 (26.4)	68 (28.2)
MRA use, n (%)	68 (56.7)	76 (62.8)	144 (59.8)
Diuretic use, n (%)	103 (85.8)	106 (87.6)	209 (86.7)
Baseline 6MWD, m, mean (SD)	316.5 (87.3)	322.5 (83.5)	319.5 (85.3)

Characteristic	TNX-103 (N=120)	Placebo (N=121)	Overall (N=241)
NYHA Functional Class II, n (%)	53 (44.2)	55 (45.5)	108 (44.8)
NYHA Functional Class III, n (%)	67 (55.8)	64 (52.9)	131 (54.4)
NYHA Functional Class IV, n (%)	0	2 (1.7)	2 (0.8)
Qualified at rest, n (%)	46 (38.3)	51 (42.1)	97 (40.2)
Qualified on provocation, n (%)	74 (61.7)	70 (57.9)	144 (59.8)
Slow acetylator, n (%)	66 (55.0)	54 (44.6)	120 (49.8)
Intermediate acetylator, n (%)	33 (27.5)	48 (39.7)	81 (33.6)
Rapid acetylator, n (%)	14 (11.7)	7 (5.8)	21 (8.7)
Acetylator status unknown, n (%)	7 (5.8)	12 (9.9)	19 (7.9)

Primary and Key Secondary Endpoints

Primary Endpoint (Week 12)		TNX-103 (N=116)	Placebo (N=120)	Treatment difference
6MWD	LS mean	14.0 m (SE: 7.7 m)	10.4 m (SE: 7.6 m)	3.5 m (SE: 7.3; p = 0.63)
	Mean	17.7 m (SD: 40.2 m)	9.8 m (SD: 54.7 m)	8.0 m

Secondary Endpoints (Week 12)		TNX-103 (N=116)	Placebo (N=120)	Treatment difference
KCCQ-TSS, LS mean change		6.6 (SE: 2.4)	6.5 (SE: 2.3)	0.1 (SE: 2.2); NS
NYHA functional class improvement, n (%)		28 (24.1)	27 (22.5)	NS
Adjudicated clinical worsening, n (%)		3 (2.5)*	3 (2.5)*	NS

*N=120 and N=121 for TNX-103 and placebo arms, respectively.

6MWD: 6-minute walk distance; LS: least squares; SE: standard error; SD: standard deviation; KCCQ-TSS: Kansas City Cardiomyopathy Questionnaire-Total Symptom Score; NYHA: New York Heart Association; NS: not significant p-value.

Safety

TOLERABILITY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ARMS; SERIOUS EVENTS AND CLINICAL WORSENING BALANCED

Adverse event summary	TNX-103 (N=120)	Placebo (N=121)
Any adverse event, n (%)	104 (86.7)	87 (71.9)
Treatment-related adverse event, n (%)	46 (38.3)	21 (17.4)
Leading to treatment discontinuation, n (%)	10 (8.3)	2 (1.7)
Leading to dose reduction, n (%)	18 (15.0)	5 (4.1)
Serious adverse event, n (%)	13 (10.8)	13 (10.7)
Adverse event of special interest, n (%)	11 (9.2)	7 (5.8)
Associated with adjudicated CWE, n (%)	3 (2.5)	3 (2.5)
Unplanned 24-hr CV hospitalization	0 (0)	3 (2.5)
Outpatient visit for IV diuretics	1 (0.8)	0 (0)
Death	2 (1.7)	0 (0)

- Higher rates of treatment-related AEs, dose reductions and discontinuations on drug, driven by headache, palpitations and hypotension
- Serious AEs and adjudicated clinical worsening events were balanced across arms
- No new-onset atrial fibrillation or ventricular tachycardia in patients without pre-existing evidence

Confirming Biological Activity Using NT-proBNP

NT-proBNP FELL IN OVERALL POPULATION

All Patients



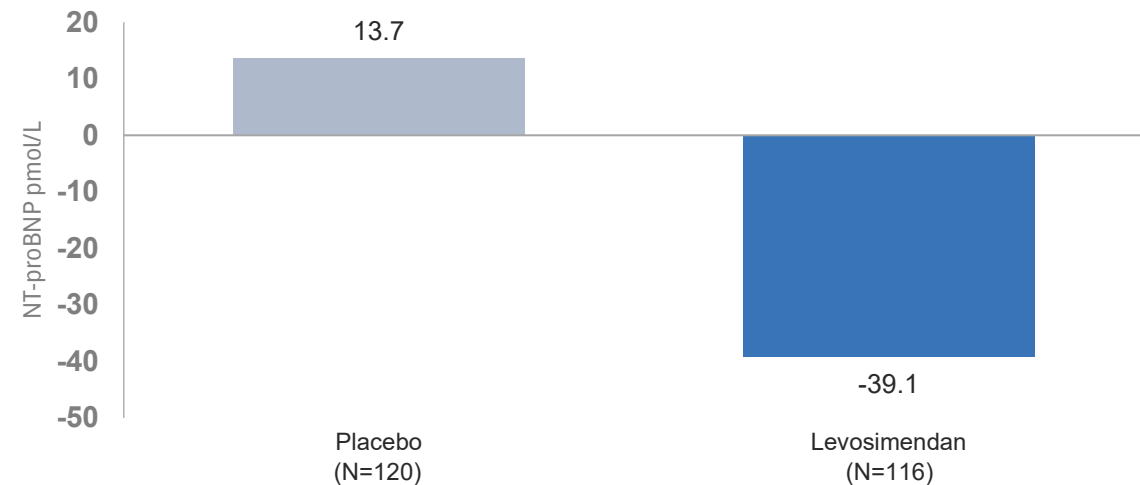
- 49%

NT-proBNP vs. placebo at Week 12

Geometrics LS mean ratio 0.51

(95% CI: 0.43, 0.60; $p < 0.0001^*$)

NT-proBNP Mean Change from Baseline at Week 12



Impressive Reductions in Exploratory Endpoints

BIOMARKER AND HEMODYNAMIC REDUCTIONS EVEN MORE PRONOUNCED IN PATIENTS WITH HIGHER DISEASE BURDEN

All Patients Enrolled in LEVEL

Patients in LEVEL with High Disease Burden

Exploratory endpoint	TNX-103	Placebo	Treatment Difference
NT-proBNP, mean change	- 39.1 pmol/L	+ 13.7 pmol/L	49% (p < 0.0001*)
RVSP (PASP), median	- 3.6 mmHg	+ 0.5 mmHg	- 3.5 mmHg ^{#H} (p = 0.0045*)

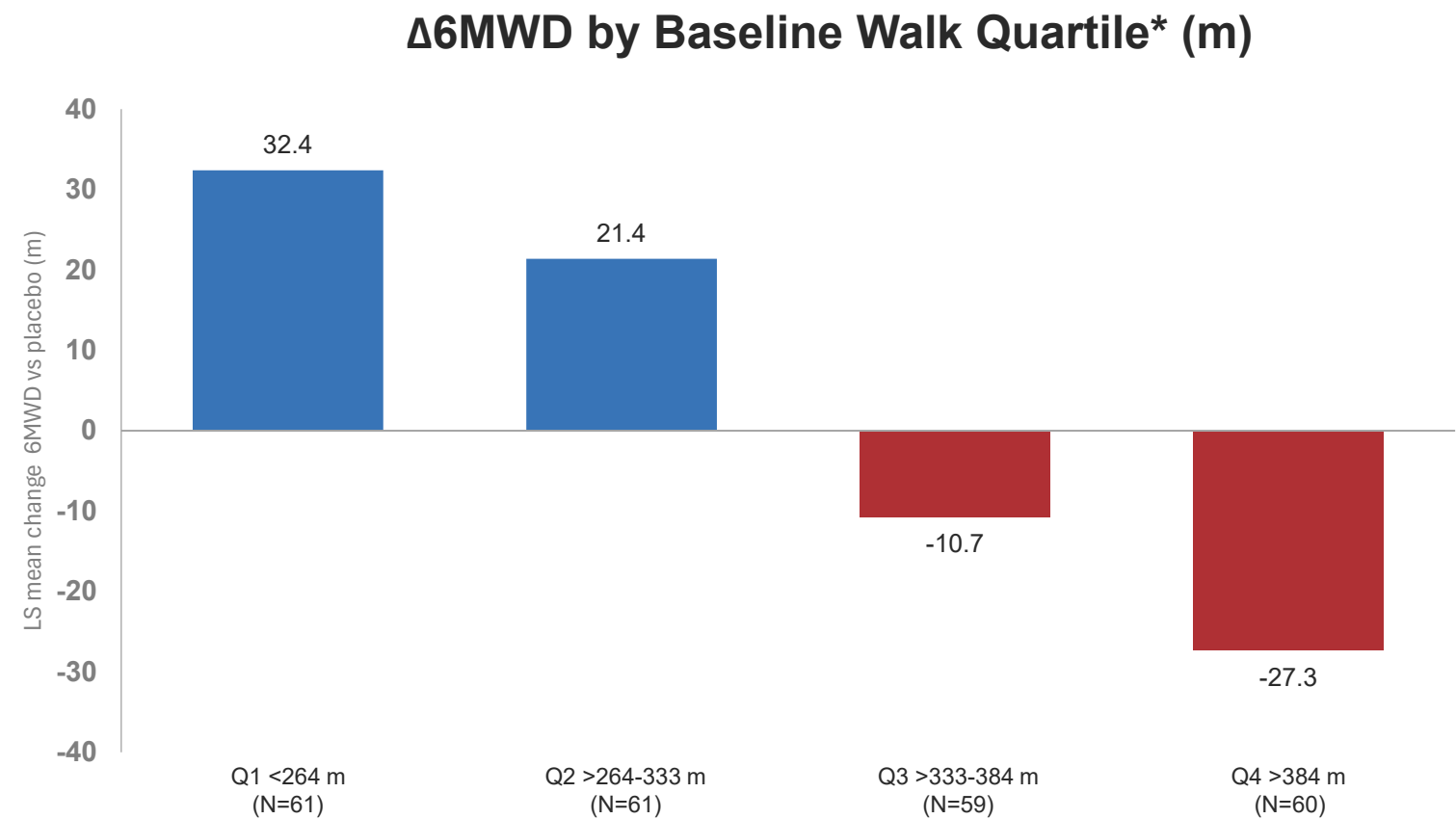
Below Median (Baseline < 333 m)



- 4.9 mmHg

RVSP Δ vs. placebo at Week 12
Echocardiography (p = 0.009*)

Treatment Effect Correlates with Disease Severity



Below Median (Baseline < 333 m)



+ 26.3 meters

Δ vs. placebo, LS mean
95% CI: 6.0, 46.7; nominal p = 0.0112

Above Median (Baseline ≥ 333 m)



- 17.6 meters

Δ vs. placebo, LS mean
95% CI: -36.7, 1.7; nominal p = 0.0744

Three Disease Burden Markers Correlate with Treatment Effect

KEY BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS PREDICT RESPONSE

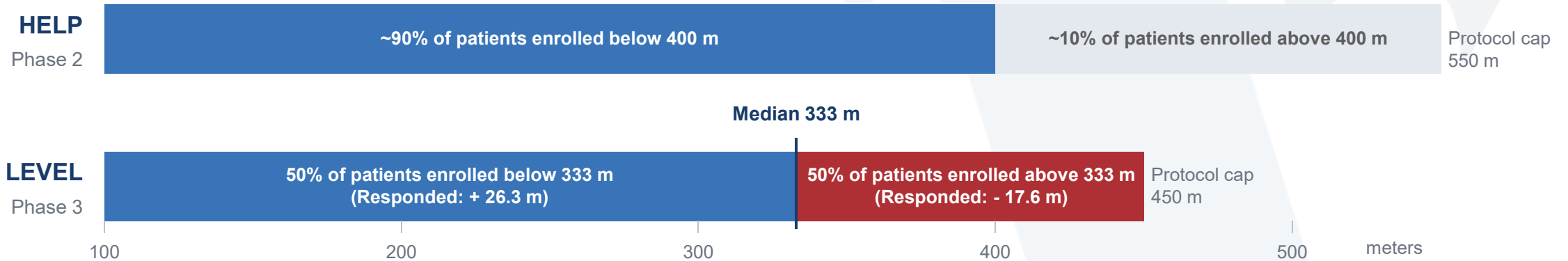
By age	Δ 6MWD vs placebo	95% CI	Nominal p-value
Top tertile (> 74 years), N=77	+ 37.6 m	14.7, 60.5	0.0013
Above median (≥ 71 years), N=124	+ 27.1 m	9.9, 44.4	0.0021
Below median (< 71 years), N=117	- 19.2 m	- 42.0, 3.5	0.0972

By baseline NT-proBNP [#]	Δ 6MWD vs placebo*	95% CI	Nominal p-value
Above median (≥ 225 pg/mL), N=122	+ 16.7 m	- 2.3, 35.8	0.0850
Below median (< 225 pg/mL), N=119	- 9.0 m	- 30.2, 12.3	0.4074

By baseline 6MWD	Δ 6MWD vs placebo*	95% CI	Nominal p-value
Below median (< 333 m), N=119	+ 26.3 m	6.0, 46.7	0.0112
Above median (≥ 333 m), N=122	- 17.6 m	- 36.9, 1.7	0.0744

What We Learned

6MWD IS BOTH OUR PRIMARY ENDPOINT AND OUR BEST ENRICHMENT CRITERION



TNX-103 is safe and well-tolerated

TNX-103 is effective in patients with a higher disease burden

In patients with lower baseline walks, NT-proBNP decreased dramatically

Clear benefit seen in LEVEL will inform regulatory strategy moving forward

Additional Thoughts On LEVEL Results

Sanjiv Shah, MD

Director of HFpEF Program

Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine

Principal Investigator on LEVEL Clinical Trial

Next Steps for Tenax

Chris Giordano

President and CEO, Tenax Therapeutics

Where We Go From Here

WHAT WE KNOW, WHAT WE WILL DO, AND WHAT IS STILL OPEN

WHAT LEVEL ESTABLISHED

- TNX-103 lowers NT-proBNP and RVSP, reflecting its biologic activity
- Therapeutic dose is confirmed
- Drug is safe and well-tolerated
- More effective in patients with higher disease burden

WHAT WE WILL DO NEXT

- Request a Type C meeting with the FDA
- Seek parallel EMA scientific consultation
- Present additional data at ESC and publish
- Baseline 6MWD in LEVEL-2 will be capped moving forward

WHAT REMAINS OPEN

- Modify overall Phase 3 development plan, following regulatory interactions

Q&A

Chris Giordano
President and CEO, Tenax Therapeutics

Stuart Rich, MD
CMO, Tenax Therapeutics

Doug Randall
CBO, Tenax Therapeutics

Tom Staab
CFO, Tenax Therapeutics

Sanjiv Shah, MD
Northwestern University